

# Decentralized Systems Engineering

CS-438 – Fall 2025

DEDIS

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Credits: B. Ford, Wikimedia Commons, VISA, Swiss Govt.

# So far...

DHT, Consensus, etc.

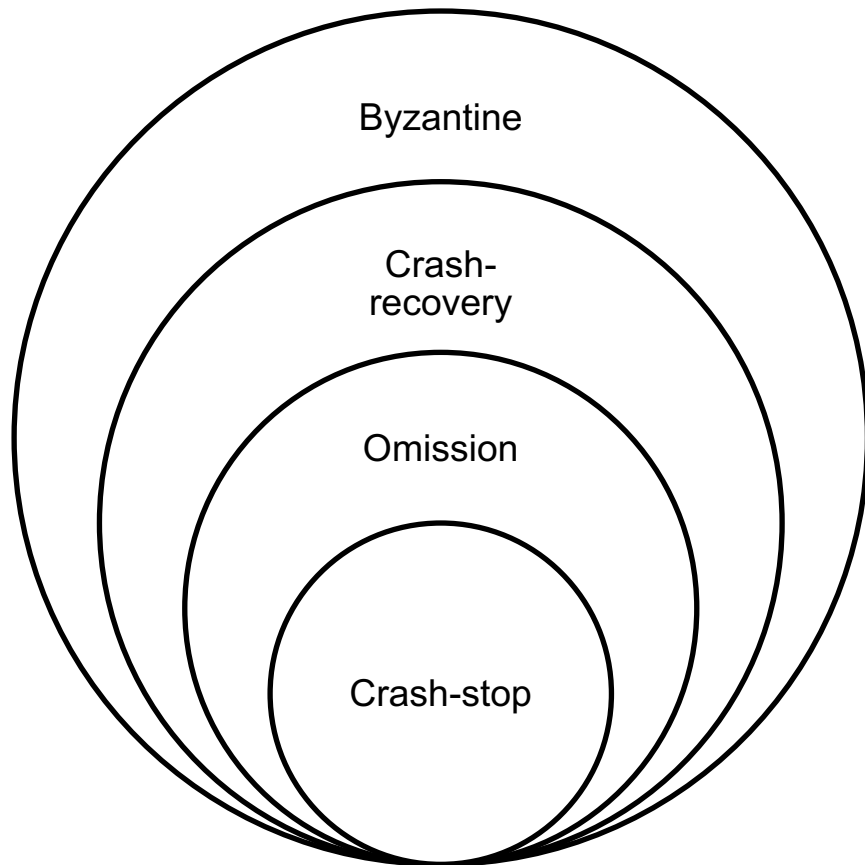
Failure modes

At worst: Byzantine

Nodes can misbehave *in arbitrary ways*

We still assumed a known total number of nodes (and known identities)

... not today !



# Sybil Attacks and Defenses

Fake it till you break it - thwarting Sybils !

# Sybil What ?

1973: “Sybil” – study of a patient diagnosed with multiple personality disorder

2002: The Sybil Attack – John R. Douceur

- *“One can have, some claim, as many electronic personas as one has time and energy to create.”* – Judith Donath

- Fake identities

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# Sybil Attack – Implications

- DHTs: eclipse attacks
  - Censor nodes
  - Censor key-value pairs
- Compromise threshold-based security (t-of-n)
  - Creeping compromise: slowly increase t, n
- Compromise consensus
  - Force particular decisions
  - Rewrite history
  - Equivocate (multiple histories)

# Sybil defenses – an overview

- Permissioned systems
- Stronger identity
- Adding artificial costs
- Social network-based
- Proof of Personhood



Widely used

Mostly academic  
or niche projects

# Stronger identities (1/2)

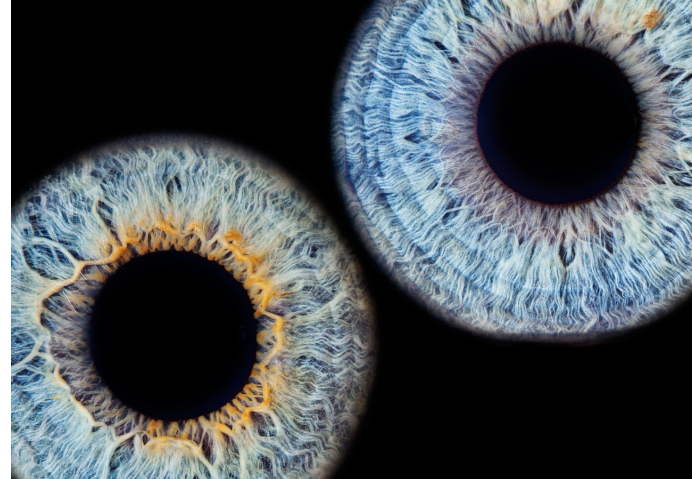
- Sign up with phone number (e.g., WhatsApp)
- Sign up with credit card
- Sign up with e-mail  
me@gmail.com vs. me+cs438@gmail.com

- ID verification
  - Regulatory requirement  
e.g. “Know your customer” (KYC)
  - Deterrents: cost, jail, paper trail



# Stronger identities (2/2)

- Biometrics
  - Face
  - Fingerprints
  - Iris



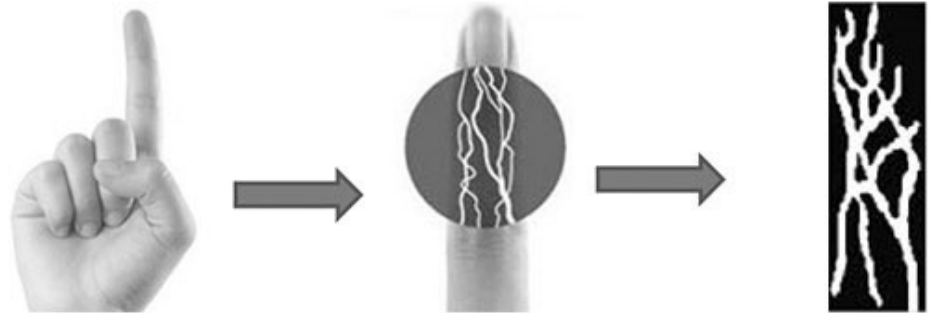
## Biggest biometrics databases ?

- Aadhaar (India) – 1.38B
- China – ?
- Common Identity Repository (EU) – 350M
- Dpt. of Homeland Security (US) – 270M



# Stronger identity – weaknesses ?

- Privacy
  - Needs centralized database
  - DB encoding ?
  - DB usage for authentication
  - DB usage for Sybil resistance
- Forgeability
  - Fake “fingerprints”
  - Fake “iris”
  - Biometrics synthesis



# Artificial Costs

- Key idea: increase the cost to Sybil identities

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# Sybil defenses – artificial costs

- Proof-of-work
  - First proposed for E-mail anti-spam
  - Popularized by Bitcoin
- Crypto puzzle
  - $H(\text{data}, \text{nonce}) = \underbrace{000 \dots 000}_{\text{Proof-of-work threshold}} \text{xxxxxxxxxx} \rightarrow \text{find the } \textit{nonce}$
  - Doesn't prevent an attack, just increases its costs
  - Not efficient, not environmentally friendly !

# Sybil defenses – artificial costs

- Proof-of-stake
  - Nodes must stake money to participate in consensus
  - Randomized validators, likelihood based on stake
  - Misbehaviour punished by loss of stake
  - Risks: hostile takeover, devolution to plutocracy

# Social / Trust Network Defenses (1/2)

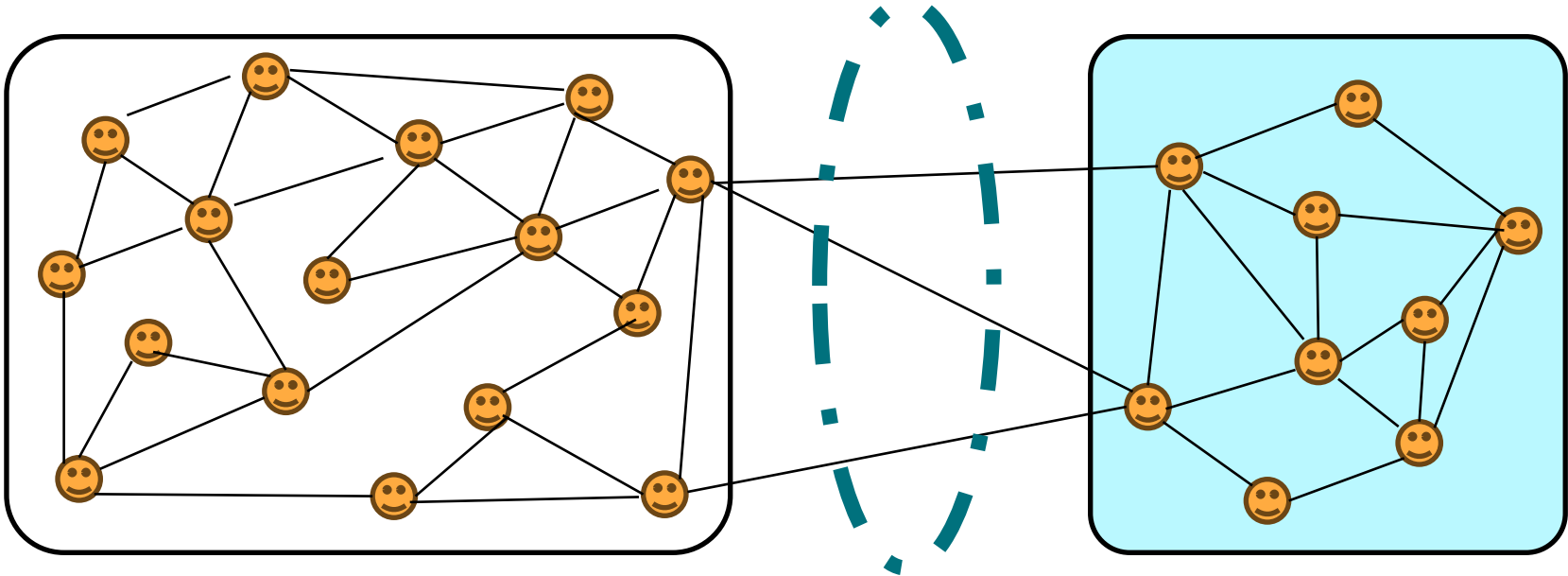
- PGP “Web of Trust” model
  - Alternative to PKI
  - “Key signing” parties
  - “Alice” → Key A      “Bob” → Key B
- PKI / Client-side TLS certificates
  - Company-managed ?
  - Email-challenge ?
  - Not Sybil-resistant !

# Social / Trust Network Defenses (2/2)

- Algorithms: generic
  - SybilGuard
  - SybilLimit
  - SybilRank
  
- Algorithms: application-specific
  - SumUp (recommendations / vote aggregation)
  - Whānau (DHT)
  - dSybil

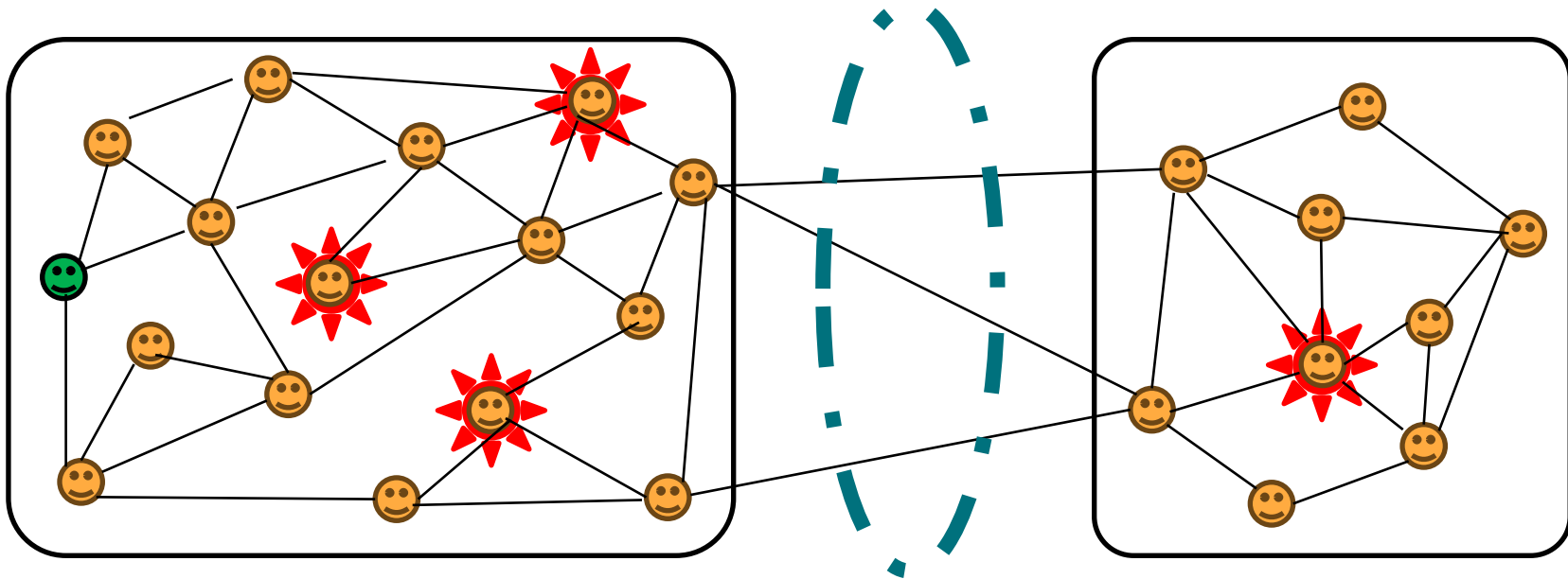
# Social Network Defenses – Assumptions

- Social Graph
- Edges denote “trust”
- Honest region is well-connected
- “Sybil region” scenario
- Attack edges are expensive
- Attack edges are rare/few



# SumUp

- Random walk in the graph
- Assign voting rights to end node
- Repeat



# Social Network Defenses – Weaknesses

Basics:

- Privacy
- Performance

Re-thinking the “movie plot threat”

- Crowd-sourcing
- Sparse infiltration
- Small-scale attacks

# Sybils on Facebook

Let's do a thought experiment !

We're Facebook and trying to detect fake accounts

How?

# Proof of Personhood

Key intuition: can we link identity *only* to “being a physical person” ?

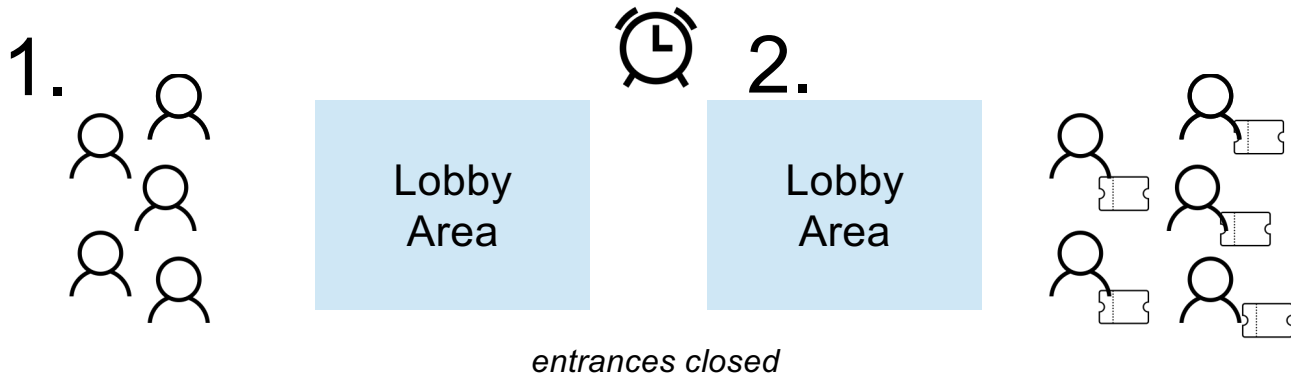
Goals:

- Inclusion  
low cost to participation (permissionless)
- Equality  
one person, one vote (strictly)
- Security  
against identity theft/loss and Sybils
- Privacy  
no ID, no biometrics, no databases, etc.

# Pseudonym parties

Principle: real people have only one body each

- Attendees gather in “lobby” area by a deadline
- At deadline entrances close, *no one else gets in*
- Each attendee gets one token while leaving



# Proof of Personhood – Approaches

- Pseudonym parties
- Encounter

Co-located physical bodies

- Idena

“Flip” tests (Turing tests)

- Humanity DAO

DAO / curated list

- Many others: Upala, BrightID, GoodDollar, etc.



# Next steps

**→ Review Paxos, try to implement ←**

Mandatory reading:

- “The Sybil Attack”

Optional readings:

- Plenty of papers on sybil detection and resistance